Physiological versus standard sex steroid replacement in young women with premature ovarian failure

W. Hamish Wallace
Consultant Paediatric Oncologist
Edinburgh

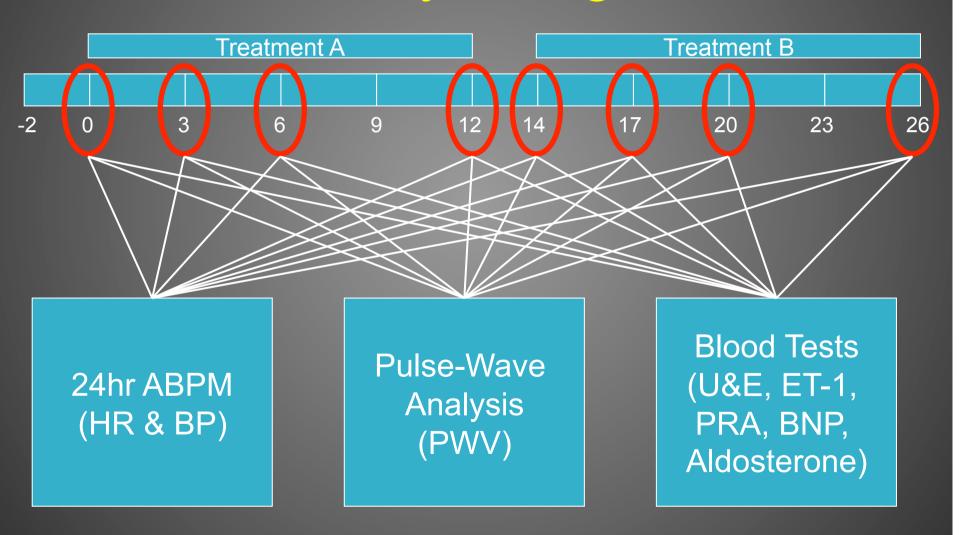
Physiological versus standard sex steroid replacement in young women with premature ovarian failure

- Eligibility
- Documented premature ovarian failure <40 yrs.
- Aim:
- To establish whether we can improve skeletal, cardiovascular and uterine health with a physiological regimen of SSR in young women with premature ovarian failure due to different causes.

Sex steroid replacement

- Physiological
- transdermal Oestradiol, 100μg/24h week 1, 150 μg/ 24h weeks 2-4; vaginal progesterone, 200 mg/12 hourly weeks 3-4)
- Standard
- Loestrin 30: (30 µg/24h ethinyloestradiol + 1.5mg/24h norethisterone acetate weeks 1-3, week 4 tablet-free)

Study Design



Baseline characteristics of subjects who completed the study compared with subjects who subsequently withdrew from the study

Characteristic	Completed	Withdrew
	n = 18	n = 17
Aetiology of ovarian failure: Turner's / Childhood		
cancer / Adult-acquired	7 / 4 / 7	2 / 4 / 11
Age, years	27 $(23-30)$	31 a (28 – 34)
Height, cm	160 (156 – 164)	162 (157 – 168)
Weight, kg	71.4 (62.3 – 80.4)	72.3 (62.7 – 81.9)
BMI, kg/m ²	27.7 $(24.8 - 30.7)$	$ \begin{array}{c} 27.1 \\ (24.4 - 29.9) \end{array} $
Treatment order: pSSR-sHRT / sHRT-pSSR	6 / 12	11 / 6

Baseline anthropometry and BMD according to aetiology of ovarian failure

	<u>Turner</u>	<u>Childhood</u>	<u>Adult-</u>
		<u>cancer</u>	<u>acquired</u>
<u>N</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>18</u>
Age (y)	$\frac{22}{(20-24)}$	$\frac{31}{(27-36)}$	$\frac{31}{(28-34)}$
Height (cm)	<u>152</u> (148 – 157)	<u>162</u> (155 – 169)	<u>165</u> (161 – 169)
Weight (kg)	<u>63.4</u> (49.9 – 76.8)	<u>64.4</u> (53.4 – 75.4)	$\frac{79.3}{(70.4 - 88.2)}$
Lumbar spine aBMD	-1.13	-0.46	-0.16
z score	(-1.90 to -0.37)	(-1.19 to +0.26)	(-0.77 to +0.45)
Femoral neck aBMD	-0.84	-0.46	+0.16
z score	(-1.81 to +0.12)	(-1.07 to +0.14)	(-0.48 to +0.80)
Total hip aBMD z	-0.62	-0.38	+0.21
<u>score</u>	(-1.52 to +0.27)	(-1.16 to +0.41)	(-0.32 to +0.75)
<u>Lumbar spine</u>	<u>-0.29</u>	<u>+0.23</u>	<u>+0.10</u>
<u>trabecular</u>	(-0.97 to +0.39)	(-0.76 to +1.22)	(-0.31 to +0.51)
vBMD z score			

Data are expressed as mean (95% CI mean).

Hormone levels after first wash-out and during pSSR and sHRT

Hormone	After first washout	pSSR	sHRT
LH (U/L)	38.9 (30.3 – 47.5)	13.5 (7.6 – 19.4)	8.0 (5.0 – 11.1)
FSH (U/L)	85.8 (67.8 – 103.8)	21.0 $(13.8 - 28.2)$	17.3 (9.9 – 24.7)
Oestradiol (pmol/L)	66 (51 – 81)	406 (280 – 532)	66 (50 – 83)
Progesterone (nmol/L)	4.9 (4.2 – 5.6)	5.7 $(5.0 - 6.3)$	4.8 (4.2 – 5.3)

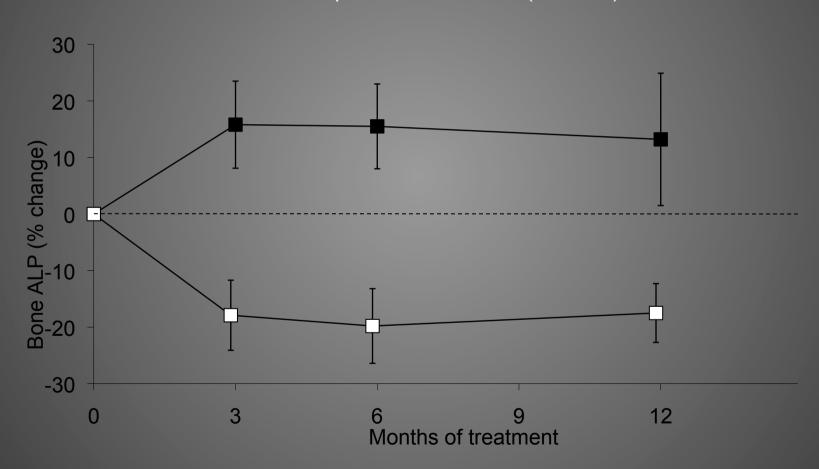
Changes in BMD in response to physiological SSR and standard HRT

BMD measurement	pSSR	sHRT
Lumbar spine aBMD z-	+0.17 a	+0.07
score	(+0.07 to +0.27)	(-0.03 to +0.18)
Lumbar spine	+0.02	+0.04
trabecular vBMD z-	(-0.19 to +0.22)	(-0.10 to +0.18)
score		
Femoral neck BMD z-	+0.12	+0.11
score	(-0.05 to +0.29)	(-0.04 to +0.25)
Total Hip BMD z-score	-0.04	0.03
	(-0.16 to +0.08)	(-0.08 to +0.13)

Data are expressed as mean (95% CI mean) ^a P <0.01 versus baseline aBMD z score

Percentage changes in bone markers compared with post washout baseline in response to <u>pSSR</u> (solid squares) and - HRT (open squares). Bone ALP

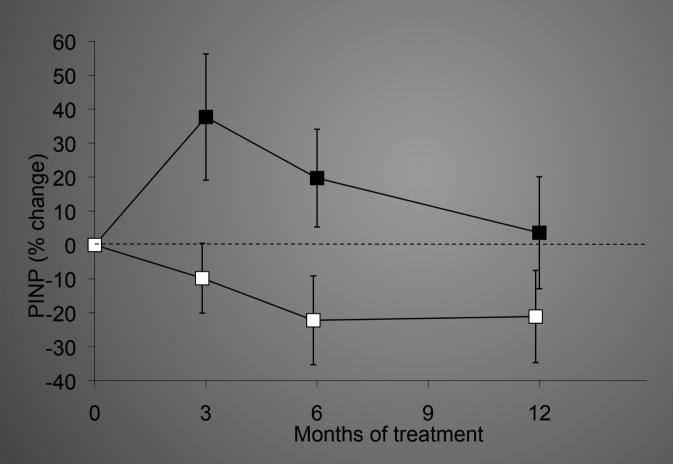
Data are expressed as mean (95% CI).



Percentage changes in bone markers compared with post washout baseline in response to <u>pSSR</u> (solid squares) and s HRT (open squares).

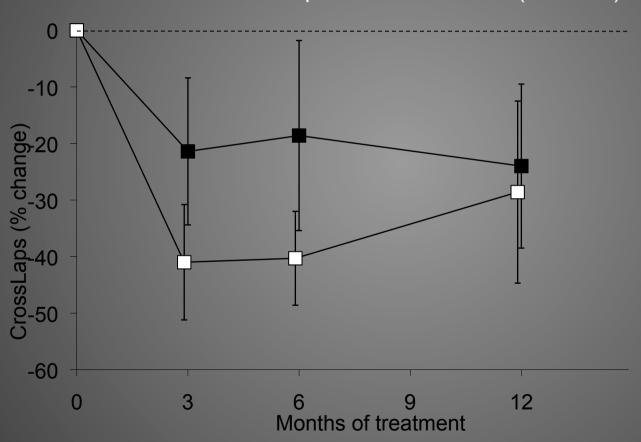
PINP.

Data are expressed as mean (95% CI).



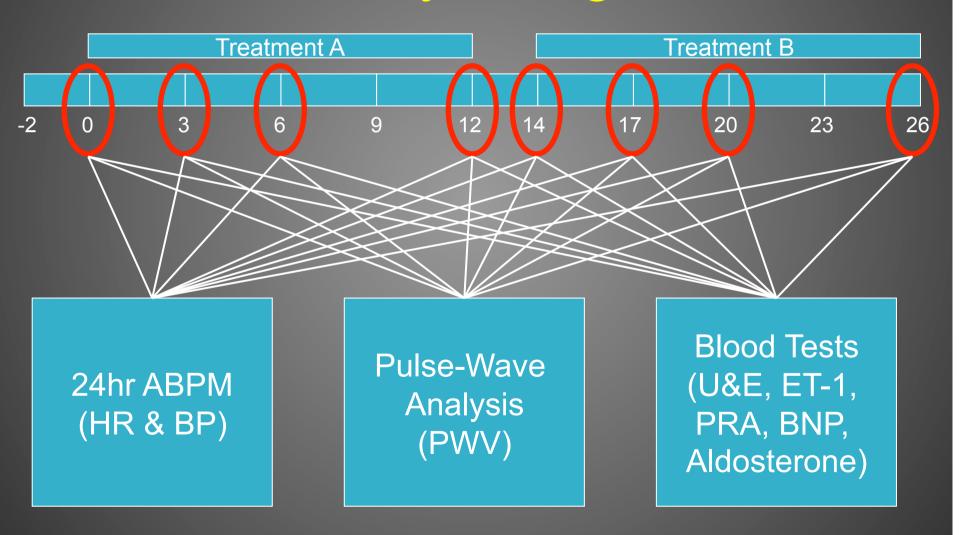
Percentage changes in bone markers compared with post wash-out baseline in response to <u>pSSR</u> (solid squares) and s HRT (open squares). CrossLaps.

Data are expressed as mean (95% CI).

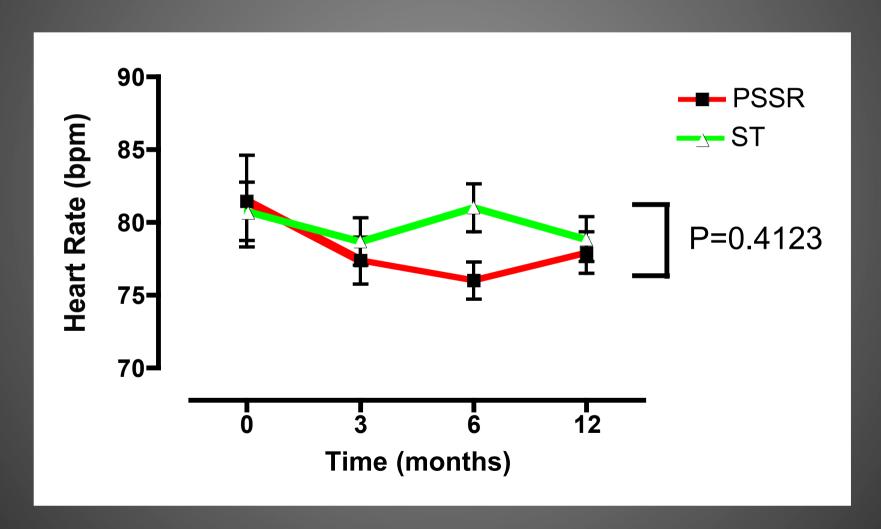


Haemodynamic Changes with Hormone Replacement

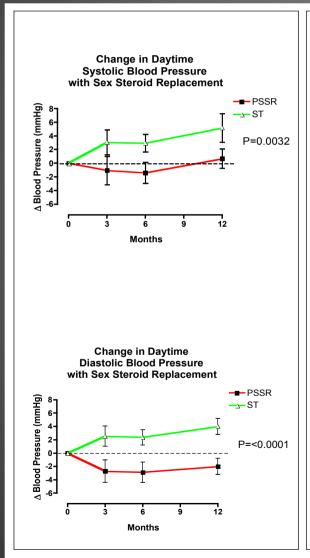
Study Design

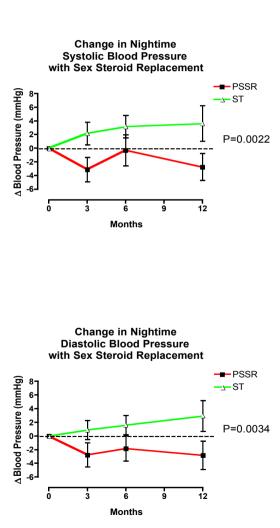


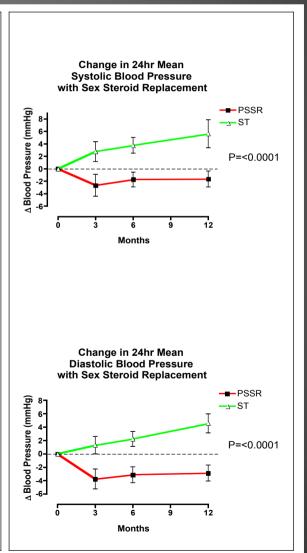
Heart Rate Changes



Blood Pressure Changes

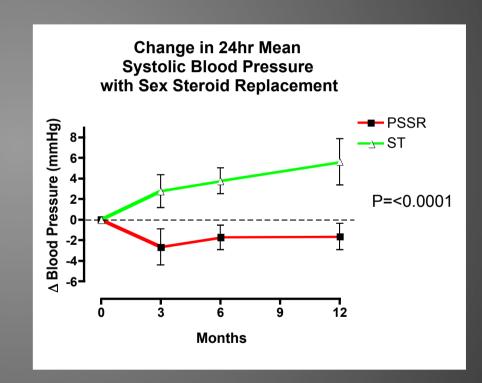






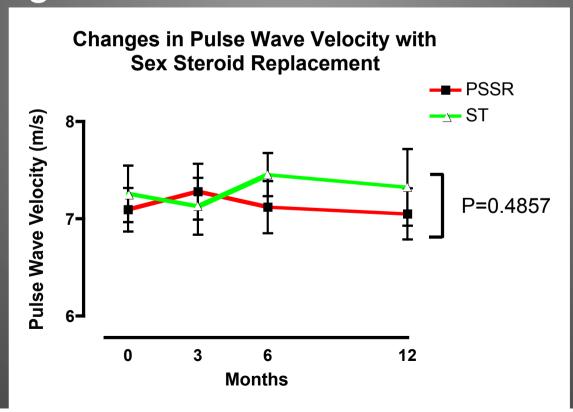
Blood Pressure Changes

- 1.6mmHg reduction with PSSR (SBP)
- 5.6mmHg increase with ST (SBP)
- OVERALL 7.2mmHg SBP BENEFIT WITH PSSR



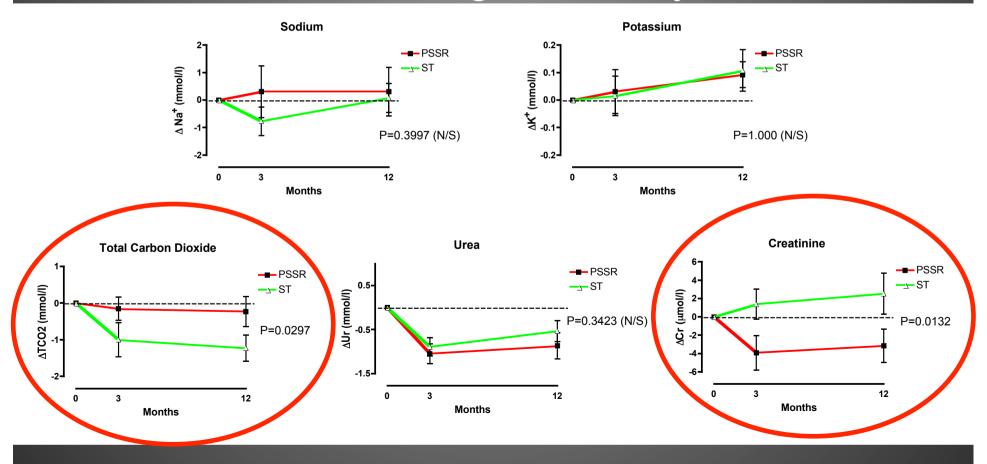
Mechanism of Blood Pressure Changes?

 Does not appear to be related to changes in central arterial stiffness...



Mechanism of Blood Pressure Changes?

Effect on renin-angiotensin system?



TEF (Uncompressed) decompress

Mechanism of Blood Pressure Changes?

- Effect on renin-angiotensin system?
- Other neurohormonal circulating factor?

Results of biochemical assay are still awaited....

Blood Tests (U&E, ET-1, PRA, BNP, Aldosterone)

Acknowledgements

- Crofton PM,
- Evans N,
- Bath L E,
- Warner P,
- Critchley HOD,
- Kelnar CJH,
- Langrish J,
- Newby D,
- Webb D

Proposal

- Premature ovarian failure
- Randomised five centre study
- Physiological versus Standard
- Two years
- No wash out
 - Skeletal health (BMD)
 - Cardiovascular Health
 - Uterine Health

Evaluation of Sex sTeROid replacement reGimens in prematurE ovariaN failure

The 5LEGS ESTROGEN trial